MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

000120,[2

HAZARD RATING

4-17-84

Section I

PERSONAL PROTECTION:

West Spring Street ISTIN, MICHIGAN 48467 PRODUCTS

PRODUCTS COMPANY

625 WANDA

FERNDALE, MICHIGAN 48220

(313) 541-3824

PRODUCT CLASS

Alcohol TRADE NAME CAS # 67-56-1

UN # 1230

MANUFACTURERS IDENTIFICATION

Methanol

Section II — HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENT	PERCENT	TLV PPM mg/M³	LEL	VAPOR PRESSURE
Methanol	99.85	200	6.0	97mmHg @68°F
		AUG ₄ 1986		

Section III - PHYSICAL DATA

BOILING RANGE

.147°-148°F

VAPOR DENSITY XXX HEAVIER,

☐ LIGHTER, THAN AIR

EVAPORATION RATE

☐ FASTER XXXSLOWER, THAN ETHER

PERCENT VOLATILE

WEIGHT PER

6.60

Section IV — FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION

Flammable liquid

BY VOLUME

54°F (T.C.C.)

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Water fog, CO2, dry chemical

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS Never use welding or cutting torch on or near drum (even empty), the product or any residue can ignite explosively.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Self-contained breathing apparatus with a full

facepiece operated in pressure-demand or other positive pressure mode.

The information contained herein is based on data considered accurate. However, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of this data or the results to be obtained from the use thereof. We neither suggest nor guarantee that any hazards mentioned are the only ones which exist. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information to assure proper use of this material and the health and safety of employees.

Section V — HEALTH HAZARD DATA

THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE

200 ppm (skin)

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

ACUTE

CHRONIC

Excessive inhalation ofvapors can cause nasal and respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, and possible asphyxiation. Swallowing can cause blindness and

Possible eye damage.

death.
EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

Eye contact: Flush with water for at least 15 minutes.

Skin contact: Wash thoroughly with soap and water.

Give two glasses of water and induce vomiting, call physician immediately Remove victim to fresh air, restore breathing if necessary. Inhalation:

Section VI — REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY ☐ UNSTABLE XX STABLE

CONDITIONS TO AVOID

Heat, sparks, and open flames

INCOMPATABILITY (Materials to avoid) Strong oxidizing agents

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION 🔲 MAY OCCUR 💥 WILL NOT OCCUR CONDITIONS TO AVOID

Section VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

1. Eliminate all sources of ignition. 2. Stop spill at source. 3. Contain spill by dike, ect. 4. Pump into grounded salvage tank. WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Incinerate in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.

Section VIII - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If TLV is exceeded, a NIOSH MSHA jointly approved air supplied respirator is advised.

VENTILATION

Provide general dilution or exhaust ventilation and pattern to keep TLV of hazardous ingredients in Section II below stated limit, and LEL in Section IV below stated limit.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES

Recommended.

EYE PROTECTION

Safety glasses with side shields.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Section IX — SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING

DOL STORAGE CATEGORY

Handle and score as a flammable liquid. Aluminum may form an oxide scale on prolonged exposure.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS

- Since empty containers retain product vapors, which may be explosive, keep away from heat, sparks, and open flames.
- Do not cut, puncture, or weld on or near emptied containers.
- Ground all equipment to prevent accumulation of static charge.